
5.30.44

Section:	Prescription Drugs	Effective Date:	April 1, 2021
Subsection:	Endocrine and Metabolic Drugs	Original Policy Date:	September 9, 2008
Subject:	Aldurazyme	Page:	1 of 4

Last Review Date: March 12, 2021

Aldurazyme

Description

Aldurazyme (laronidase)

Background

Aldurazyme (laronidase) is used to treat Mucopolysaccharidosis I (MPS I) an inherited disorder caused by a deficiency of an enzyme called alpha-L-iduronidase. This enzyme is needed for the breakdown of certain substances in the body commonly referred to as GAG (glycosaminoglycans). As more and more GAG builds up in a person's body organs can become permanently damaged. MPS I has also been called Hurler, Hurler-Scheie, and Scheie syndromes (1).

Regulatory Status

FDA-approved indications: (1)

Aldurazyme is a hydrolytic lysosomal glycosaminoglycan (GAG)-specific enzyme indicated for patients with Hurler and Hurler-Scheie forms of Mucopolysaccharidosis I (MPS I) and for patients with the Scheie form who have moderate to severe symptoms.

Limitations of use: (1)

- The risks and benefits of treating mildly affected patients with the Scheie form have not been established.
- Aldurazyme has not been evaluated for effects on the central nervous system manifestations of the disorder

Aldurazyme has been shown to improve pulmonary function and walking capacity (1).

Section:	Prescription Drugs	Effective Date:	April 1, 2021
Subsection:	Endocrine and Metabolic Drugs	Original Policy Date:	September 9, 2008
Subject:	Aldurazyme	Page:	2 of 4

The Aldurazyme label includes a boxed warning citing the risk of anaphylaxis. Anaphylaxis and severe allergic reactions have been observed in patients during or up to 3 hours after infusions. Appropriate medical support and monitoring measures should be readily available when Aldurazyme is administered as these reactions may be life-threatening (1).

Patients with an acute febrile or respiratory illness at the time of Aldurazyme infusion may be at greater risk for infusion reactions. Careful consideration should be given to the patient's clinical status prior to administration of Aldurazyme and consider delaying Aldurazyme infusion (1).

Administration of Aldurazyme should be exercised with caution when administering to patients susceptible to fluid overload, or patients with acute underlying respiratory illness or compromised cardiac and/or respiratory function for whom fluid restriction is indicated. These patients may be at risk of serious exacerbation of their cardiac or respiratory status during infusions. Prior to administration of Aldurazyme pretreatment is recommended to reduce the risk of infusion reactions. Patients should receive antipyretics and/or antihistamines prior to infusion (1).

The safety and effectiveness of Aldurazyme was assessed in patients with MPS I, ages 6 months to 5 years old, and was found to be similar to the safety and effectiveness of Aldurazyme in pediatric patients 6 to 18 years, and adults (1).

Related policies

Elaprase, Mepsevii, Naglazyme, Vimizim

Policy

This policy statement applies to clinical review performed for pre-service (Prior Approval, Precertification, Advanced Benefit Determination, etc.) and/or post-service claims.

Aldurazyme may be considered **medically necessary** in patients that are 6 months of age or older for the treatment of Mucopolysaccharidosis I (MPS I), Hurler's syndrome, Hurler-Scheie syndrome, and moderate to severe Scheie syndrome.

Aldurazyme may be considered **investigational** for patients less than 6 months of age and for all other indications.

Prior-Approval Requirements

Age 6 months of age or older

Section:	Prescription Drugs	Effective Date:	April 1, 2021
Subsection:	Endocrine and Metabolic Drugs	Original Policy Date:	September 9, 2008
Subject:	Aldurazyme	Page:	3 of 4

Diagnoses

Patient must have **ONE** of the following:

1. Mucopolysaccharidosis I (MPS I)
2. Hurler's syndrome
3. Hurler-Scheie syndrome
4. Scheie syndrome with moderate or severe symptoms

Prior – Approval *Renewal* Requirements

Age 6 months of age or older

Diagnoses

Patient must have **ONE** of the following:

1. Mucopolysaccharidosis I (MPS I)
2. Hurler's syndrome
3. Hurler-Scheie syndrome
4. Scheie syndrome

Policy Guidelines**Pre - PA Allowance**

None

Prior – Approval Limit

Duration 2 years

Prior – Approval *Renewal* Limits

Same as above

Rationale**Summary**

Aldurazyme (laronidase) is indicated for patients 6 months of age or older with Hurler and Hurler-Scheie forms of Mucopolysaccharidosis I (MPS I) and for patients with the Scheie form who have moderate to severe symptoms. Aldurazyme carries a boxed warning of the risk of anaphylaxis during infusion. Patients with an acute febrile or respiratory illness at the time of Aldurazyme infusion may cause greater risk for infusion reactions. Patients susceptible to fluid

Section:	Prescription Drugs	Effective Date:	April 1, 2021
Subsection:	Endocrine and Metabolic Drugs	Original Policy Date:	September 9, 2008
Subject:	Aldurazyme	Page:	4 of 4

overload may be at risk of acute cardiorespiratory failure. Medical support should be readily available when Aldurazyme is administered with additional monitoring for patients with compromised respiratory function or acute respiratory disease. Patients should receive a pretreatment of antipyretics and/or antihistamines prior to infusion to reduce the risk of infusion reactions (1).

Prior authorization is required to ensure the safe, clinically appropriate and cost-effective use of Aldurazyme while maintaining optimal therapeutic outcomes.

References

1. Aldurazyme [package insert]. Cambridge, MA: Genzyme Corporation; December 2019.

Policy History

Date	Action
March 2010	Age updated to reflect current package insert
June 2012	Annual editorial review and reference update
September 2012	Annual editorial review and reference update
March 2013	Annual editorial review and reference update
June 2013	Annual editorial review and reference update
September 2014	Annual editorial review and reference update
September 2015	Annual review
September 2016	Annual editorial review and reference update Policy number change from 5.08.01 to 5.30.44
December 2017	Annual editorial review
June 2018	Annual editorial review
December 2019	Annual editorial review Changed approval duration from lifetime to 2 years
December 2020	Annual review and reference update
March 2021	Annual editorial review

Keywords

This policy was approved by the FEP® Pharmacy and Medical Policy Committee on March 12, 2021 and is effective on April 1, 2021.