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# 5.70.050

Section: Prescription Drugs Effective Date: April 1, 2024

Subsection: Analgesics and Anesthetics Original Policy Date: November 15, 2013

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Last Review Date: March 8, 2024

### Kineret

#### Description

#### Kineret (anakinra)

#### **Background**

Kineret is in a class of medications called interleukin-1 (IL-1) receptor antagonists. This means that Kineret works by blocking the activity of interleukin, a protein in the body that can induce inflammatory and immunological responses. Interleukin-1 (IL-1) is produced by the body as part of an inflammatory reaction in diseases such as Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA), Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS)- Neonatal-Onset Multisystem Inflammatory Disease (NOMID) and Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA). Excess IL-1 can lead to pain, swelling, stiffness of the joints, and systemic inflammation with skin and bone involvement. Kineret can help manage the excess levels of IL-1 in the body by blocking its activity (1).

#### **Regulatory Status**

FDA-approved indications: Kineret is an interleukin-1 receptor antagonist indicated for: (1)

Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA) - Reduction in signs and symptoms and slowing the progression of structural damage in moderately to severely active rheumatoid arthritis, in patients 18 years of age or older who have failed 1 or more disease modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs).

<u>Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS)</u> - Treatment of Neonatal-Onset Multisystem Inflammatory Disease (NOMID).

<u>Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)</u> – Treatment of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA).

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#### Off-Label Uses: (2-6)

Kineret is also used off label for the following indications:

- Systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA)
- Adult-onset Still's disease
- Gout and pseudogout (calcium pyrophosphate deposition)
- CAR T-Cell Related Toxicities

Treatment should not be initiated in patients with an active infection and Kineret should be discontinued in patients with RA if a serious infection develops. Patients with NOMID should be assessed for the risk of a flare if Kineret therapy is discontinued against continuing treatment when an infection occurs. Concurrent use with tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocking agents is not recommended. Hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylactic reactions and angioedema, have been reported. Live vaccines should not be given concurrently with Kineret and neutrophil counts should be assessed prior to initiation of and during therapy (1).

Safety and efficacy of Kineret in pediatric patients for uses other than neonatal-onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID) and deficiency of interleukin-1 receptor antagonist (DIRA) have not been established. Kineret is not recommended for pediatric use in juvenile rheumatoid arthritis (1).

#### Related policies

#### Policy

This policy statement applies to clinical review performed for pre-service (Prior Approval, Precertification, Advanced Benefit Determination, etc.) and/or post-service claims.

Kineret may be considered **medically necessary** if the conditions indicated below are met.

Kineret may be considered investigational for all other indications.

## **Prior-Approval Requirements**

#### **Diagnoses**

Patient must have **ONE** of the following:

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- 1. Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
  - a. 18 years of age or older
  - b. Moderate to severely active
  - Inadequate treatment response, intolerance, or contraindication to a 3-month trial of at least **ONE** conventional disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs) (see Appendix 2)
  - d. Prescriber will be dosing the patient within the FDA labeled maintenance dose of 100 mg per day
  - e. Patient **MUST** have tried the preferred product(s) (see Appendix 3) if adjudicated through the pharmacy benefit unless the patient has a valid medical exception (e.g., inadequate treatment response, intolerance, contraindication)
- 2. Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndrome (CAPS)
  - a. Neonatal-Onset Multisystem Inflammatory Disease (NOMID)
  - b. Prescriber will not exceed the FDA labeled maintenance dose of 8 mg/kg/day
- 3. Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)
  - a. Prescriber will not exceed the FDA labeled maintenance dose of 8 mg/kg/day
- 4. Systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA)
- 5. Adult-onset Still's disease
- 6. Gout and pseudogout (calcium pyrophosphate deposition)
- 7. CAR T Cell-Related Toxicities

#### **AND ALL** of the following:

- Result for latent TB infection is negative OR result was positive for latent TB and patient completed treatment (or is receiving treatment) for latent TB
- 2. **NO** active bacterial, invasive fungal, viral, and other opportunistic infections
- 3. Patient is not at risk for HBV infection **OR** patient is at risk for HBV infection and HBV infection has been ruled out or treatment for HBV infection has been initiated.
- 4. **NOT** to be used in combination with any other biologic DMARD or targeted synthetic DMARD (see Appendix 2)
- 5. **NOT** given concurrently with live vaccines

## Prior - Approval Renewal Requirements

#### **Diagnoses**

Patient must have **ONE** of the following:

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1. Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)

- a. 18 years of age or older
- b. Prescriber will be dosing the patient within the FDA labeled maintenance dose of 100 mg per day
- Patient MUST have tried the preferred product(s) (see Appendix 3) if adjudicated through the pharmacy benefit unless the patient has a valid medical exception (e.g., inadequate treatment response, intolerance, contraindication)
- 2. Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndrome (CAPS)
  - a. Neonatal-Onset Multisystem Inflammatory Disease (NOMID)
  - b. Prescriber will not exceed the FDA labeled maintenance dose of 8 mg/kg/day
- 3. Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)
  - a. Prescriber will not exceed the FDA labeled maintenance dose of 8 mg/kg/day
- 4. Systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA)
- 5. Adult-onset Still's disease
- 6. Gout and pseudogout (calcium pyrophosphate deposition)
- 7. CAR T Cell-Related Toxicities

#### **AND ALL** of the following:

- 1. Condition has improved or stabilized with Kineret therapy
- 2. Absence of active infection (including tuberculosis and hepatitis B virus (HBV))
- 3. **NOT** to be used in combination with any other biologic DMARD or targeted synthetic DMARD (see Appendix 2)
- 4. **NOT** given concurrently with live vaccines

### **Policy Guidelines**

#### Pre - PA Allowance

None

## **Prior - Approval Limits**

#### Quantity

Diagnosis	Strength	Quantity
Rheumatoid Arthritis	100 mg	84 syringes per 84 days
Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndrome (CAPS)	100 mg	8 mg/kg per day

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Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)	100 mg	8 mg/kg per day
Systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA)	100 mg	
Adult-onset Still's disease	100 mg	No limit
Gout and pseudogout (calcium pyrophosphate deposition)	100 mg	NO IIIIII
CAR T Cell-Related Toxicities	100 mg	

**Duration** 12 months

## Prior - Approval Renewal Limits

#### Quantity

Diagnosis	Strength	Quantity
Rheumatoid Arthritis	100 mg	84 syringes per 84 days
Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndrome (CAPS)	100 mg	8 mg/kg per day
Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)	100 mg	8 mg/kg per day
Systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA)	100 mg	
Adult-onset Still's disease	100 mg	No limit
Gout and pseudogout (calcium pyrophosphate deposition)	100 mg	NO IIIIII
CAR T Cell-Related Toxicities	100 mg	

**Duration** 18 months

#### Rationale

#### Summary

Kineret is FDA-approved for the treatment of patients with Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndrome (CAPS) - Neonatal-Onset Multisystem Inflammatory Disease (NOMID) and Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA), and adult patients for the treatment of moderate to severely active rheumatoid arthritis (RA) who have had inadequate response or intolerance to conventional therapy. Kineret is also used off-label for systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA), adult-onset Still's disease, gout and pseudogout, and CAR T-Cell Related Toxicities. Kineret carries warnings due to increased risk of serious infections due to immunosuppression and hypersensitivity reactions (1-6).

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Prior authorization is required to ensure the safe, clinically appropriate, and cost-effective use of Kineret while maintaining optimal therapeutic outcomes.

#### References

- 1. Kineret [package insert]. Stockholm, Sweden: Swedish Orphan Biovitrum AB; December 2020.
- Quartier P, Allantaz F, Cimaz R, et al. A multicentre, randomized, double-blind, placebocontrolled trial with the interleukin-1 receptor antagonist anakinra in patients with systemic-onset juvenile idiopathic arthritis (ANAJIS trial). *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2011;70:747-754.
- 3. Efthimiou P, Paik P K, Bielory L. Diagnosis and Management of Adult Onset Still's Disease. *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2006 May;65(5):564-72. Epub 2005 Oct 11.
- 4. Richette P, Doherty M, Pascual E, et al. 2016 updated EULAR evidence-based recommendations for the management of gout. *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2017;76:29–42.
- 5. Zhang W, Doherty M, Pascual E, et al. EULAR recommendations for calcium pyrophosphate deposition. Part II: Management. *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2011;70:571–575.
- 6. NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium® Anakinra 2024. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Accessed on January 30, 2024.

Policy History	
Date	Action
October 2013	Addition to PA
December 2013	Annual editorial review by the PMPC
September 2014	Annual editorial review and renewal limit to 18 months
December 2015	Annual editorial review and reference update, Remove moderate to
	severely active from renewal requirement
September 2016	Annual editorial review
	Addition of not given concurrently with live vaccines per SME
	Policy number change from 5.18.02 to 5.70.50
December 2016	Annual review and reference update
March 2017	Annual review
December 2017	Annual review
March 2017	Annual editorial review
	Addition of DMARD Appendix and dosing limit requirements

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June 2018 Changed the inadequate response, intolerance, or contraindication to at

least one conventional disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) to inadequate response, intolerance, or contraindication to a 3-month trial of at least ONE conventional disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drugs

(DMARDs)

Updated Appendix - List of DMARDs and added Appendix - Examples of

Contraindications to Methotrexate

Addition of dosing requirements in renewal section

September 2018 Annual editorial review and reference update

March 2019 Annual review

December 2019 Annual review. Addition of requirement to trial preferred product

March 2020 Annual review

December 2020 Added Appendix 3 with a list of preferred medications based on diagnosis

and plan. Added PA quantity limit for RA

January 2021 Addition of Indication: Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist

(DIRA). Updated quantity limit table

March 2021 Annual review. Clarification added to the t/f, intolerance, C/I to preferred

products requirement indicating that it only applies to claims adjudicated

through the pharmacy benefit. Appendix 2 updated.

June 2021 Annual review

June 2022 Annual editorial review

September 2022 Annual review

February 2023 Per FEP, addition of off-label indications: systemic juvenile idiopathic

arthritis (sJIA), adult-onset Still's disease, gout and pseudogout, and CAR

T-Cell Related Toxicities

March 2023 Annual review

March 2024 Annual review and reference update

#### **Keywords**

This policy was approved by the FEP® Pharmacy and Medical Policy Committee on March 8, 2024 and is effective on April 1, 2024.

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## **Appendix 1 – Examples of Contraindications to Methotrexate**

Contr	aindications to Methotrexate
1.	Alcoholism, alcoholic liver disease or other chronic liver disease
2.	Breastfeeding
3.	Blood dyscrasias (e.g., thrombocytopenia, leukopenia, significant anemia)
4.	Elevated liver transaminases
5.	History of intolerance or adverse event
6.	Hypersensitivity
7.	Interstitial pneumonitis or clinically significant pulmonary fibrosis
8.	Myelodysplasia
9.	Pregnancy or planning pregnancy (male or female)
10	. Renal impairment
11	. Significant drug interaction

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### **Appendix 2 - List of DMARDs**

**Conventional disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs)** 

Generic Name	Brand Name
azathioprine	Azasan, Imuran
cyclophosphamide	Cytoxan
cyclosporine	Neoral, Gengraf, Sandimmune
hydroxychloroquine	Plaquenil
leflunomide	Arava
methotrexate	Rheumatrex, Trexall
mycophenolate	Cellcept
sulfasalazine	Azulfidine, Sulfazine

**Biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs)** 

Generic Name Brand Name		
abatacept	Orencia	
adalimumab	Humira	
anakinra	Kineret	
brodalumab	Siliq	
certolizumab	Cimzia	
etanercept	Enbrel	
golimumab	Simponi/Simponi Aria	
guselkumab	Tremfya	
infliximab	Remicade/Avsola/Inflectra/Renflexis	
ixekizumab	Taltz	
risankizumab-rzaa	Skyrizi	
rituximab	Rituxan/Riabni/Ruxience/Truxima	
sarilumab	Kevzara	
secukinumab	Cosentyx	
spesolimab-sbzo	Spevigo	
tildrakizumab-asmn	Ilumya	
tocilizumab	Actemra	
ustekinumab	Stelara	
vedolizumab	Entyvio	

Targeted synthetic disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs)

Generic Name	Brand Name
apremilast	Otezla
baricitinib	Olumiant
deucravacitinib	Sotyktu

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tofacitinib	Xeljanz/XR
upadactinib	Rinvoq

## **Appendix 3 - List of Preferred Products**

Diagnosis	Standard Option/Basic Option Preferred Products	Blue Focus Preferred Products
*Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)	*must try <b>TWO</b> preferred products: Actemra (SC) Enbrel Humira** Rinvoq Xeljanz/XR	*must try <b>ONE</b> preferred product: Enbrel Humira**

<sup>\*\*</sup>Including all preferred biosimilars (see reference product criteria)